Statutory Issue Paper No. 116

Claim Adjustment Expenses, Amendmets to SSAP No. 55—Unpaid Claims, Losses and Loss Adjustment Expenses

STATUS Finalized October 16, 2001

Current Authoritative Guidance for Claim Adjustment Expenses, Unpaid Claims, Losses and Loss Adjustment Expenses: SSAP No. 55

This issue paper may not be directly relate to the current authoritative statement.

Original SSAP from Issue Paper: SSAP No. 85

Type of Issue: Life and Health, Health Entities

SUMMARY OF ISSUE

1. SSAP No. 55—Unpaid Claims, Losses and Loss Adjustment Expenses No. 55) prescribes the accounting treatment for recording unpaid claims claim adjustment expenses for life insurance contracts and accident and health contracts and durps and loss adjustment expenses for property and casualty insurance contracts.

2. The purpose of this issue paper is to amend **PSISA**. 55 to provide clarification regarding what costs should be classified as claim adjustment expenses cident and health contracts. The conclusions outlined in the issue paper are consistent with **State** utory Accounting Principles Statement of Concepts and Statutory Hierarchy (Statement of Concepts).

RECOMMENDED CONCLUSION

3. Certain claim adjustment expenses reduce the number or cost of health services thereby resulting in lower premiums or lower premium increases.est claim adjustment expenses shall be classified as cost containment expenses.

4. This issue paper amends paragraphof SSAP No. 55 to the following:

- c. Claim Adjustment Expenses for Accidemtd Health Reporting Entities: Costs expected to be incurred in connection with the adjusent and recording of accident and health claims defined in subparagraphs 6.a. and 6 laim adjustment expenses, including legal expenses, can be subdivided into cost axiomtent expenses and other claim adjustment expenses:
 - i. Cost containment expenses: Expenses that actually serve to reduce the number of health services provided or the costotch services. The following are examples of items that shall be considered "cost containment expenses" only if they result in reduced levels of costs or services:
 - (a) Case management activities;
 - (b) Utilization review;

- (c) Detection and prevention of payment for fraudulent requests for reimbursement;
- (d) Network access fees to Preferred Provider Organizations and other network-based health plans (including prescription drug networks), and allocated internal salaries and **tela** costs associated with network development and/or provider contracting;
- (e) Consumer education solely rementiate health improvement and relying on the direct involvement of health personnel (this would include smoking cessation and disease management programs, and other programs that involve hands on medical education); and
- (f) Expenses for internal and external appeals processes.
- ii. Other claim adjustment expenses: Claim adjustment expenses as defined in paragraph 6.c. that are not cost containment expenses. Examples of other claim adjustment expenses are:
 - (a) Estimating the amounts of losses and disbursing loss payments;
 - (b) Maintaining records, general clerical, and secretarial;
 - (c) Office maintenance, occupancy costs, utilities, and computer maintenance;
 - (d) Supervisory and executive duties; and
 - (e) Supplies and postage.
- 5. This issue paper amends paragraph of SSAP No. 55 to the following:
 - b. Claim Adjustment Expenses for Managed Caleporting Entities: Costs expected to be incurred in connection with the adjustment and recording of accident and health claims defined in subparagraph 7.a. of this estatent. Claim adjustment expenses, including legal expenses, can be subdivided intost coontainment expenses and other claim adjustment expenses:
 - i. Cost containment expenses: Expenses that actually serve to reduce the number of health services provided or the costotch services. The following are examples of items that shall be considered "cost containment expenses" only if they result in reduced levels of costs or services:
 - (a) Case management activities;
 - (b) Utilization review;
 - (c) Detection and prevention of payment for fraudulent requests for reimbursement;
 - (d) Network access fees to Preferred Provider Organizations and other network-based health plans (including prescription drug networks), and allocated internal salaries and **tela** costs associated with network development and/or provider contracting;

- (e) Consumer education solely rementiation health improvement and relying on the direct involvement of health personnel (this would include smoking cessation and disease management programs, and other programs that involve hands on medical education); and
- (f) Expenses for internal and external appeals processes.
- ii. Other claim adjustment expenses: Claim adjustment expenses as defined in paragraph 7.b. that are not cost containment expenses. Examples of other claim adjustment expenses are:
 - (a) Estimating the amounts of losses and disbursing loss payments;
 - (b) Maintaining records, general clerical, and secretarial;
 - (c) Office maintenance, occupancy costs, utilities, and computer maintenance;
 - (d) Supervisory and executive duties; and
 - (e) Supplies and postage.

Effective Date

6. This issue paper is effective fycerars ending on and after December 31, 2003.

DISCUSSION

7. In the past, no definitive statutory guidanexested addressing claim adjustment expenses and which expenses should be classified as claim adjustment expenses. In January 2000, the Statutory Accounting Principles Working Group requested stassice from the Accident and Health Working Group of the Life and Health Actuarial Task For(A&HWG) in providing clarification as to what expenses should be classified as claim adjustmementes and whether certain claim adjustment expenses should receive special treatment for reporting purposes. The A&HWG made its final recommendations at its March 23, 2001 meeting. The A&HWG determined that claim adjustment expenses shall be subdivided into cost containmementes and other claim adjustment expenses. The A&HWG also developed a list of items that qualities cost containment expenses. This issue paper adopts the recommendations of the A&HWG.

RELEVANT STATUTORY ACCOUNTING AND GAAP GUIDANCE

Statutory Accounting

- 8. SSAP No. 55, paragraph 6.c.:
 - 6.c. Claim Adjustment Expenses for Accident and Health Reporting Entities: Costs expected to be incurred in connection with the adjustment and recording of accident and health claims defined in subparagraphs 6.a. and 6.b. Examples of expenses incurred in these activities are estimating the amounts of losses, disbursing loss payments, maintaining records, general clerical, secretarial, office maintenance, occupancy costs, utilities, computer maintenance, supervisory and executive duties, supplies, and postage;
- 9. SSAP No. 55, paragraph 7.b.:
 - 7.b. Claim Adjustment Expenses for Managed Care Reporting Entities: Costs expected to be incurred in connection with the adjustment and recording of accident and health claims

defined in subparagraph 7.a. of this statement. Examples of expenses incurred in these activities are estimating the amounts of losses, disbursing loss payments, maintaining records, general clerical, secretarial, office maintenance, occupancy costs, utilities, computer maintenance, supervisory and executive duties, supplies, and postage;

10. The Accident and Health Working Group of **Line** and Health Actuarial Task Force (A&HWG) reviewed in detail the topics of claim adjustmempenses and medical cost containment expenses and whether certain claim adjustment expenses should be included in losses or loss adjustment expenses. The A&HWG made its final recommendations at its Ma233, 2001 meeting. The conclusion of this issue paper is consistent with the A&HWG's recommendationa. The applicable section of the minutes is included herein:

At the 2000 Spring National Meeting, a request for assistance concerning codification issues was received from the Statutory Accounting Principles (E) Working Group (pages 90-91 of the Life and Health Actuarial Subscription, February 2000). The Accident and Health Working Group sent preliminary recommendations to the Statutory Accounting (E) Principles Working Group at the Fall National Meeting (Attachment Seven-B of the Accident and Health Working Group's Sept. 8, 2000, minutes). The recommendations addressed whether cost containment expenses should be included in losses or loss adjustment expenses. The Codification Subteam of the Accident and Health Working Group continued work on addressing how the prior recommendations could be implemented into the Health Annual Statement and in the Life, Accident and Health Annual Latement

- 5. Network access fees to Preferred Provider Organizations and other network-based health plans, including prescription drug networks.
- 6. Consumer education solely relating to health improvement and relying on the direct involvement of health personnel. This would include smoking cessation and disease management programs, and other programs that involve hands on medical education.

These expenses reduce the number or cost of health services, which results in lower premiums or lower premium increases. These six expenses will be the only expenses referenced as "cost containment expenses" in this memorandum.

In the Sept. 11 memorandum, the A&HWG recommended that cost containment expenses, as identified above, be included as losses for statutory reporting purposes, and that quality assurance expenses <u>not</u> be included as losses for statutory reporting. The remainder of this memorandum addresses how the Sept. 11 recommendations may be implemented in the Health Blank and in the Life, Accident and Health Blank.

RELEVANT LITERATURE

Statutory Accounting

- Statutory Accounting Principles Statement of Concepts and Statutory Hierarchy
- SSAP No. 55–Unpaid Claims, Losses and Loss Adjustment Expenses

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SSAP No. 55 paragraph 7.b.:

- b. Claim Adjustment Expenses for Managed Caleporting Entities: Costs expected to be incurred in connection with the adjustment and recording of accident and health claims defined in subparagraph 7.a. of this estatent. <u>Claim adjustment expenses, including legal expenses, can be subdivided intest containment expenses and other claim adjustment expenses: Examples after the subdivided in these activities are</u>
 - i. <u>Cost containment expenses: Expenses that actually serve to reduce the number</u> of health services provided or the cost of such services. The following are

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